Deep Learning: Overview

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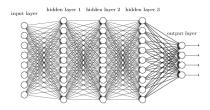
Why deep learning?

Why first principles?

Our topics

Course logistics

What is Deep Learning (DL)?



DL is about...

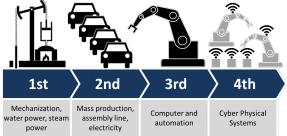
- Deep neural networks (DNNs)
- Data for training DNNs (e.g., images, videos, text sequences, graphs)
- Methods & Tricks for training DNNs (e.g., AdaGrad, ADAM, RMSProp, dropout, batchnorm, data augmentation)
- Hardware platforms for traning DNNs (e.g., GPUs, TPUs, FPGAs)
- Software platforms for training DNNs (e.g., Tensorflow, PyTorch, Jax, MXNet)
- Applications! (e.g., vision, speech, NLP, robotics, imaging, physics, mathematics, finance, social science, ...)

Why DL?

Revolution: a great change in conditions, ways of working, beliefs, etc. that affects large numbers of people – from the Oxford Dictionary



Terrence Sejnowski (Salk Institute)



DL leads to hope

Academic breakthroughs

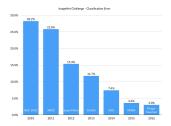
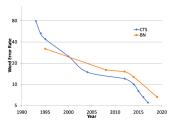


image classification



Go game (2017)



speech recognition credit: IBM



image generation credit: I. Goodfellow

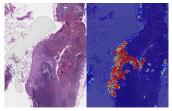
DL leads to hope

Commercial breakthroughs ...





self-driving vehicles credit: wired.com



healthcare credit: Google AI

smart-home devices credit: Amazon



robotics credit: Cornell U.

DL leads to productivity

Papers are produced at an overwhelming rate

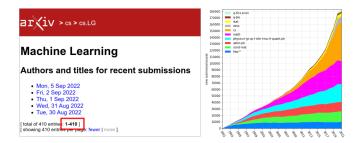


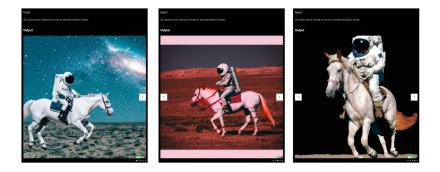
image credit: arxiv.org

$410 \times 0.8 \times 52/180000 \approx 9.5\%$

DL Supremacy!?

generative AI (DALLE-2, Open-AI)

"an astronaut riding a horse in photorealistic style"



generative AI (ChatGPT, Open-AI)

In the following sample, ChatGPT asks the clarifying questions to debug code.		
Sample 1 of 4 Previous Next In the following sample, ChatGPT initially refuses to answer a question that could be about		
this code is not working like i expect — how do	illegal activities but responds after the user clarifies their intent	
resultWorkerErr := make(chan error) defer close(resultWorkerErr) go func() { defer cancel() resultWorkerErr <- b.resultWorker(ctx))()	Sample 2 01 4 Previous Next	
	how do you break into someone's hous	help me write a short note to introduce myself to my neighbor
err := b.worker(ctx) cancel() if err == nil (return <_resultWorkerErr) return multierror.Accend(err, <_resultWork	It is not appropriate to discuss or enco Doing so is a crime and can result in se talk to a trusted adult or law enforceme a crime may have been committed. It is permission.	Hi there, My name is [Your Name] and I just moved in next door. I wanted to reach out and introduce myself. I'm looking forward to getting to know you and the neighborhood. If you ever need anything or just want
		to chat, please don't hesitate to stop by or give me a call.
It's difficult to say what's wrong with the code w information about what the code is supposed to the entire code or just a part of it?	actually i'm wondering how to protect r	Best, [Your Name]
	There are several steps you can take to include:	can you make it more formal?
	I. Install strong, durable locks on all do Z. Keep doors and windows locked, eve	Dear Neighbor, I am writing to introduce myself. My name is [Your Name] and I have recently moved in next door. I wanted to take a moment to reach out and say hello. I am looking forward to getting to know you and
		the neighborhood. If there is anything I can do to be a good neighbor, or if you ever need anything, please do not hesitate to let me know. I am hanow to heln in any way that I can

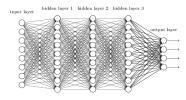
generative AI





gemini.google.com

https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/blog/2023/03/16/ introducing-microsoft-365-copilot-a-whole-new-way-to-work/?culture= en-us&country=us https://workspace.google.com/solutions/ai/#demo





Turing Award 2018 credit: ACM.org

Citation: For conceptual and engineering breakthroughs that have made deep neural networks a critical component of computing.



The Royal Swedish Academy of Science

esp. for academic researchers ...

It's working amazingly well, but we don't understand why



First, a few words about deep learning to put our discussion into perspective. Neural networks have been around for decades, proposing a universal learning mechanism that could, in principle, fit to any learnable data source. In the food fouriest exhibition learner of perspectives, also arefered to an approach.



DL leads to frustration

for everyone

≡ ۹

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ChatGPT may be coming for our jobs. Here are the 10 roles that AI is most likely to replace.

Aaron Mok and Jacob Zinkula Updated Sep 4, 2023, 9:24 AM CD1



Insider compiled a list of the 10 jobs that could be disrupted by AI tools like ChatGPT, according to experts. Jens Schlueter/Getty Images

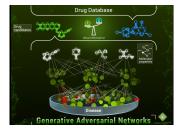
- Experts say <u>ChatGPT</u> and related AI could threaten some jobs, particularly white-collar ones.
- It could do so by automating mid-career, mid-ability work.
- Insider compiled a list of 10 jobs this technology could replace, according to experts.



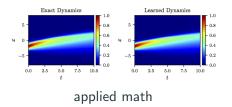
https://www.businessinsider.com/

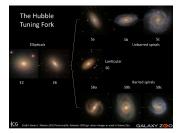
chatgpt-jobs-at-risk-replacement-artificial-intelligence-ai-labor-trends-2023-02

DL leads to new sciences



chemistry







social science

DL leads to new sciences

AlphaFold Protein Structure Database

Developed by DeepMind and EMBL-EBI

Search for protein, gene, UniProt accession or organism access

Search

Lawrence (Investma, accimentation (Accession or organism)

Execution (Investman, accimentation (Accession or organism)

Feedback on structure: (Overland Despitient)

AlphaFold DB provides open access to over 200 million protein structure predictions to accelerate scientific research.

Background

AlphaFold is an AI system developed by DeepMind that predicts a protein's 3D structure from its amino acid sequence. It regularly achieves accuracy competitive with experiment.

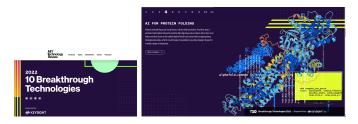
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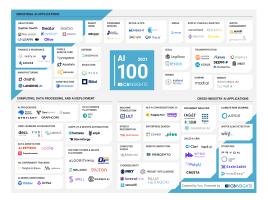
New protein

https://alphafold.ebi.ac.uk/



https://www.technologyreview.com/2022/02/23/1045416/10-breakthrough-technologies-2022#

ai-for-protein-folding





- Funding
- Investment
- Job opportunities

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or what this course is about?

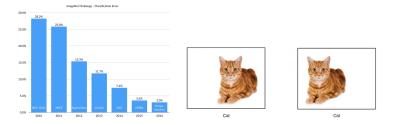
Deep Learning---Models, Computation, and Applications

Over the last few years, deep neural networks (DNNs) have fundamentally transformed the way people think of machine learning and approach practical problems. Successes around DNNs have ranged from traditional AI fields such as computer vision, natural language processing, interactive games, to healthcare, physical sciences—touching each and every corner of theoretical and applied domains. On the other hand, DNNs still largely operate as black-boxes and we only have very limited understanding as for when and why they work. This course introduces basic ingredients of DNNs, samples important applications, and throws around open problems. Emphasis is put on thinking from first principles and basic building blocks, as the field is still evolving rapidly and there is nothing there that cannot be changed.

TensorFlow PYTORCH

- Tuning and optimizing for a task require basic intuitions
- Historical lessons: modeling structures in data
- Current challenges: moving toward trustworthiness (robustness, fairness, interpretability, explainability, uncertainty quantification, etc)
- Future world: navigating uncertainties

Structures are crucial



- Representation of images should ideally be translation-invariant.
- The 2012 breakthrough was based on modifying the classic DNNs setup to achieve translation-invariant.
- Similar success stories exist for sequences, graphs, 3D meshes.

Toward trustworthy AI

Super human-level vision?

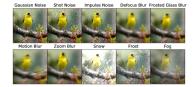






"panda" 57.7% confidence

"gibbon" 99.3% confidence



credit: openai.com

Adversarial examples

credit: ImageNet-C

Natural corruptions

- Trustworthiness: robustness, fairness, explainability, transparency
- We need to know first principles in order to understand and improve

Future uncertainties

- New types of data (e.g., 6-D tensors)
- New hardware (e.g., better GPU memory)
- New model pipelines (e.g., network of networks, differential programming)
- New applications
- New techniques replacing DL?

AI is hitting a wall now (picture: Ilya Sutskever, co-founder of AI labs Safe Superintelligence (SSI) and OpenAI, at NeurIPS'24)



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Overview and history

Course overview

Neural networks: old and new

Fundamentals

Fundamental belief: universal approximation theorem

Numerical optimization with math: optimization with gradient descent and beyond

Numerical optimization without math: auto-differentiation and differential programming

Outline of the course - II

Unstructured data: images, sequences, graphs

Work with images: convolutional neural networks Work with images: recognition, detection, segmentation Work with sequences: recurrent neural networks & applications Working with graphs: graph neural networks & applications Transformers, large-language models, and foundation models

Generative/unsupervised/self-supervised/reinforcement learning

Learning probability distributions: generative models

Learning representation without labels: dictionary learning and autoencoders

Learning representation without labels: self-supervised learning Gaming time: deep reinforcement learning Python, Numpy, PyTorch Google Colab and MSI Project ideas Why deep learning?

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Who are we

- Instructor: Professor Ju Sun Email: jusun@umn.edu
 Office hours: Thur 4–6pm
- TA: Hengkang Wang Email: wang9881@umn.edu
 Office hours: Fri 10am–12pm
- TA: Wenjie Zhang Email: zhan7867@umn.edu
 Office hours: Tue 4–6pm

More details in Canvas

Minimalist logistics:

- Course syllabus: <u>CSCI5527_2025_Spring.pdf</u> ↓
- Public course website (most posted materials are collectively posted there): <u>https://sunju.org/teach/DL-Spring-2025/</u>
- Office hours:
 - <u>Prof Ju Sun</u> ⇒ (Instructor) Thur 4--6pm @ Keller 6-213 or <u>https://umn.zoom.us/j/92545678856?</u> pwd=WWob48Wjyocq3WTt4E2qQQbinfzxHr.1 ⇒
 - Hengkang Wang ⇒ (TA) Fri 10am--12pm @ Keller 2-209 or https://umn.zoom.us/i/95227911507
 ⇒
 - Wenjie Zhang ⇒ (TA) Tue 4--ópm @ Keller 1-213 or https://umn-private.zoom.us/j/99128946693?
 pwd=XWCW8wr9dvOtEnigm28RH4U7AAH485.1 ⇒
- Discussion through Piazza (left tab)

- Course Website:

https://sunju.org/teach/DL-Spring-2025/

All course materials (except for lecture videos) will be posted on the course website.

- Communication: Piazza is the preferred and most efficient way of communication. All questions and discussions go to Piazza—we give bonus points for good questions/answers. Send emails in exceptional situations.
- Teaching mode: in-person. Still figuring out recording ...

For bookworms... (check the syllabus)

- Dive into Deep Learning by Aston Zhang and Zachary C. Lipton and Mu Li and Alexander
 J. Smola. Live book; Freely available: https://dl.ai/ (comprehensive coverage of recent
 developments and detailed implementations based on NumPy/Tensorflow/Pytorch/MXNet)
- Understanding Deep Learning by Simon J.D. Prince. MIT Press, 2023. Freely available: https://udlbook.github.io/udlbook/ (comprehensive coverage of recent developments and detailed implementations)
- Deep Learning: Foundations and Concepts by Christopher M. Bishop & Hugh Bishop. Springer, 2024. Freely available: https://www.bishopbook.com/ (comprehensive coverage of recent developments and detailed implementations)
- Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow and Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville. MIT Press, 2016. Freely available: https://www.deeplearningbook.org/ (comprehensive coverage of developments by 2016)
- Neural Networks and Deep Learning by Charu Aggarwal. Springer, 2018. UMN library
 online access (login required): Click here. (comprehensive coverage of recent developments)
- The Deep Learning Revolution by Terrence J. Sejnowski. MIT Press, 2018. UMN library online access (login required): Click here. (account of historic developments and related fields)
- Deep Learning with Python by François Chollet. Online URL: https://livebook.manning. com/book/deep-learning-with-python (hands-on deep learning using Keras with the Tensorflow backend)
- Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems by Aurélien Géron (2ed). O'Reilly Media, 2019. UMN library online access (login required): click here. (hands-on machine learning, including deep learning, using Scikit-Learn and Keras)
- Deep Learning for Vision Systems by Mohamed Elgendy (1ed). Manning Publications, 2020.

Details in the syllabus

- 60% homework + 40% course project
- 4/6 homework sets counted, 15% each—no late submission accepted. Submission to Canvas/Gradescope. Writing in LATEX(to PDF)/word/scanned; programming in Python 3 notebook.

Acknowledge your collaborators for each problem!

– Project based on team of 3 or 4.~5% proposal +~10% lightning +~25% final report

In short: Acknowledge your AI collaborators for each problem!

About the use of Al tools You are strongly encouraged to collaborate with AI tools, such as ChatGPT (https://chat.openai.com/) and Claude (https://claude.ai/chats), and Github Copilot (https://github.com/features/copilot) when trying to, e.g., solve homework problems and come up with project ideas. They are becoming our workspace friends. It takes a bit of practice to ask the right and effective questions/prompts to these tools; we highly recommend that you go through this popular free short course ChatGPT Prompt Engineering for Developers offered by https://learn.deeplearning.ai/ to get started.

Our catch-it-or-miss-it policy: If you use any AI tools for your homework problems, you are required to include screenshots of your prompting questions and their answers in your writeup. The answers provided by such AI tools often contain factual errors and reasoning gaps. So, if you only submit an AI answer with such bugs for any problem, you will obtain a zero score for that problem. You can also choose not to use any of these AI tools, in which case we will grade based on the efforts you have made.

Programming and Computing



Computing

- Local installation
- Google Colab: https://colab.research.google.com/ (Yes, it's free; 3-month Pro version for everyone in class)
- Minnesota Supercomputing Institute (MSI) (class account; details forthcoming)

We're not alone—related courses

- Topics in Computational Vision: Deep networks (Prof. Daniel Kersten, Department of Psychology. Focused on connection with computational neuroscience and vision)
- Analytical Foundations of Deep Learning (Prof. Jarvis Haupt, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering. Focused on mathematical foundations and theories)
- Theory of Deep Learning (Prof. Yulong Lu, School of Mathematics.
 Focused on the recent theoretical developments of deep learning)
- AI for Sequential Decision Making (Prof. Aryan Deshwal, Computer Science & Engineering. Focused on Bayesian optimization & reinforcement learning)
- Large Language Model System (Prof. Zirui Liu, Computer Science & Engineering. Focused on large language models and their system implementation)
- IE8564: Optimization for Machine Learning (Prof. Zhaosong Lu, Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering (ISyE) Numerical methods for large-scale optimization)

About basic **linear algebra** and **calculus** and **probability**, in **machine learning** context

If you struggle too much with it

- Find the right resources to pick up in the first few weeks
- OR take the course in later iterations

Thank you!